substituted for the said article. Adulteration was alleged for the further reason that the article was colored in a manner whereby damage or inferiority was concealed.

On October 20, 1923, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

HOWARD M. GORE, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11890. Adulteration and misbranding of Wood's concentrated sweetener. U. S. v. 5 1-Pound Cans, et al., of Wood's Concentrated Sweetener. Decrees entered ordering destruction of the product. (F. & D. Nos. 13032, 13033. I. S. Nos. 251-t, 3629-t. S. Nos. C-2035, C-2037.)

On July 14, 1920, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Mississippi, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying the seizure and condemnation of 15 cans of concentrated sweetener, remaining in the original unbroken packages in part at Greenville and in part at Yazoo City, Miss., alleging that the article had been shipped by the W. B. Wood Mfg. Co., from St. Louis Mo., on or about July 3, 1920, and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Mississippi, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Wood's Special Concentrated Sweetener 500–500 Soluble in Cold Water Not Sold As A Drug * * * 1 Lb., Net W. B. Wood Mfg. Co. St. Louis, Mo."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libels for the reason that saccharin had been mixed and packed with and substituted wholly or in part for the said article. Adulteration was alleged for the further reason that the article contained an added poisonous and deleterious ingredient, to wit, saccharin, which rendered it injurious to health.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statement, "Special Concentrated Sweetener 500," was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser, in that the article was represented as being 500 times sweeter than sugar, when, in truth and in fact, it was not. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the article was an imitation of and offered for sale under the distinct name of another article.

On November 8, 1922, the owner of 5 cans of the product having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of the court was entered finding the said 5 cans of the article to be misbranded and ordering its destruction by the United States marshal. On January 4, 1923, no claimant having appeared for the remaining 10 cans of the product, a decree of the court was entered finding the said cans of the product to be adulterated and misbranded and ordering its destruction by the United States marshal.

HOWARD M. GORE, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11891. Misbranding of Dr. Locock's cough elixir. U. S. v. 4 Bottles of Dr. Locock's Cough Elixir. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 15617. S. No. C-3318.)

On November 25, 1921, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Mississippi, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 4 bottles of Dr. Locock's cough elixir at Biloxi, Miss., alleging that the article had been shipped by I. L. Lyons & Co., New Orleans, La., on or about September 11, 1919, and transported from the State of Louisiana into the State of Mississippi, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended. The article was labeled in part: (Bottle, English) "Whooping Cough, Pains in the Breast with difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Croup, Hoarseness, Information [Inflammation] of the Lungs * * * and Catarrhal Affections. * * * hastens the cure," (French, Spanish, and German) "For Whooping Cough * * * hastens the cure;" (carton, English) Whooping Cough, Pains in the Breast with difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Croup, Hoarseness, Inflammation of the Lungs * * * and Catarrhal Affections. This celebrated preparation is singularly efficacious as a reliable [remedial] agent for all affections of the Chest, Lungs, and Air passages. For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Oppression of the Chest, Cold in the Head, Dryness of the Throat, etc., it is unsurpassed," (German) "For * * * Whooping Cough, Pains in the Breast with difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Blood-spitting, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Inflamma-